USN

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept. 2020 Aerodynamics – II

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Calculate the pressure coefficient distribution around a circular cylinder using the source Panel technique. (16 Marks)
 - b. Explain the difference between source panel and vortex panel methods. (04 Marks)
- 2 a. Der ve the expression for the induced AOA and induced drag coefficient using elliptical lift distribution. (10 Marks)
 - b. Derive an expression for lift coefficient and induced drag coefficient in terms of circulation strength $\Gamma(y)$ for a finite wing using through general lift distribution. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Derive the velocity potential equation for an inviscid, compressible, irrotational, subsonic flow over a body immersed in a uniform flow. (12 Marks)
 - b. At a given point on the surface of an airfoil, the pressure coefficient is 0.3 at very low speeds. If the free stream is 300 m/s at standard sea level conditions, calculate the pressure coefficient at the same point at this speed. (04 Marks)
 - c. The lift coefficient for a thin, symmetric airfoil in an incompressible flow is $C_L = 2\pi\alpha$. Calculate the compressible lift coefficient at a flight velocity at sea level condition is $V_{\infty} = 248$ m/sec. (04 Marks)
- 4 a. Define: i) Mach waves and expansion waves, ii) Normal and oblique shocks. (04 Marks)
 - b. What is critical mach number? Derive an expression for critical pressure coefficient in terms of critical mach number? (10 Marks)
 - c. Explain:
 - i) Drag-Divergence Mach number
 - ii) Sound barrier
 - iii)Transonic area rule.

(06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain in detail the influence of downwash on tail plane.
- (08 Marks)
- b. Explain with figure the formation flying effect and ground effect.
- (06 Marks)
- c. Prove that for a monoplane a rotational formula for the downwash, in degrees at the tail plane is $\varepsilon = \text{constant} \times \frac{\text{CL}}{\text{AR}}$. Determine the numerical value of the constant for a point on the center line of the machine 2s/3 behind the centre of pressure, s being the semi-span. (06 Marks)
- 6 a. What are cylindrical coordinates used for bodies of revolution and velocity potential in cylindrical coordinates? (06 Marks)
 - b. Derive linearised supersonic pressure coefficient formula.

(14 Marks)

7 a. Explain the advantages of swept sock wings in military airplanes with neat sketches.

(10 Marks)

- b. Explain with a neat sketch 4 flaps and slots, also discuss about their performance characteristics with relevant graphs.

 (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Define total drag and discuss the boundary layer flow transition over a flat plate and an airfoil. (10 Marks)
 - b. For velocity profile for laminar boundary layer,

$$\frac{U}{U} = 2\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right) - \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^2.$$

Determine:

- i) Displacement thickness
- ii) Energy thickness
- iii) Momentum thickness

(10 Marks)